

# LVM - Logical Volume Manager

## Install logical volumes (LVM)

### Prepare and install volumes

Prepare a single disk or a disk raid:

```
lvm
lvm> pvcreate <physvol>
lvm> vgcreate <physvol> // or several physical volumes: <physvol1>
      <physvol2> <physvol3>
lvm> lvcreate <volgroup> <physical>
lvm> quit
mkfs.ext4 /dev/mapper/<volgroup-logvol>
mount /dev/mapper/<volgroup-logvol> <dir>
```

Auto-mount during boot:

```
vim /etc/fstab
/dev/mapper/<volgroup-logvol> <dir> ext3 noatime,user_xattr 0 0
```

## Replace LVM disk to upgrade capacity

This example will copy /dev/sde1 mounted on /backup to /dev/sdf1 mounted on /replace and afterwards change mount point, logical volume and volume group names to the source names.

### Prepare new disk

- fdisk /dev/sdf
- **n** to create a new partition, select **1** and accept all defaults
- **w** to write the new partition table and quit
- mkfs.ext3 /dev/sdf1
- lvm
- lvm > pvcreate /dev/sdf1
- lvm > vgcreate vg\_replace /dev/sdf1
- lvm > vgdisplay vg\_replace to check ### of free extents
- lvm > lvcreate -l### vg\_replace (do not use -LxxGB, use size with -l### which is number of extents)
- lvm > lvrename vg\_replace lvol0 lv\_replace
- lvm > vgcfgbackup to backup volume group configurations
- lvm > exit
- mkfs -t ext3 /dev/vg\_replace/lv\_replace
- mkdir /replace

- mount /dev/vg\_replace/lv\_replace /replace

## Copy content and assign new disk

- rsync -avH /backup/\* /replace/
- for an entire BackupPC structure

```
rsync -avxHAWX --info=progress2 /backup/ /new-backup/
```

- verify the structure between source and destination

```
rsync -avcn /backup/ /new-backup/
```

- umount /backup
- umount /new-backup
- lvm
- lvm > lvrename vg\_backup/lv\_backup lv\_backup1
- lvm > lvchange vg\_backup/lv\_backup1 -an
- lvm > vgrename vg\_backup vg\_backup1
- lvm > lvchange vg\_backup1/lv\_backup1 -ay
- lvm > lvrename vg\_replace/lv\_replace lv\_backup
- lvm > lvchange vg\_replace/lv\_backup -an
- lvm > vgrename vg\_replace vg\_backup
- lvm > lvchange vg\_backup/lv\_backup -ay
- lvm > exit
- mount /dev/vg\_backup/lv\_backup /backup -o noatime,user\_xattr

## Setting up LVM on top of a Linux Software Raid

- prepare the new disks with a partition (see above), do not create the filesystem yet
- mdadm -create -verbose /dev/md5 -level=1 -raid-devices=2 /dev/sde /dev/sdf
- watch the progress with cat /proc/mdstat
- when finished, restart the computer (shutdown -r now)

## Merge 2 volume groups

1. Unmount and remove LV0 and LV1 from VG1 with umount/lvremove
2. Remove VG1 with vgremove
3. Unmount LV0 and LV1 from VG0 with umount
4. Extend VG0 with any available PVs if necessary
5. Mount LV0 and LV1 on VG0 with mount

```
lvcreate -l<extents> -n testlv testvg
mkfs.ext4 /dev/mapper/vg-lv
```

## Increase size of physical volume and/or logical volume

1. Replace hard disks in a RAID1 array, or change from a RAID1 to a RAID5 array, the resulting

array being MD127 (see [mdadm - Software RAID](#))

2. Use pvresize to extend the physical volume to consume all available space

```
pvresize /dev/md127
```

3. Use lvresize to extend the logical volume to consume all available space

```
lvresize -l +100%FREE /dev/mapper/<vg name>-<lv name>
```

4. Or, unmount the volume, delete the logical volumes and the volume group first, then create a new logical volume consuming all available space

```
lvremove /dev/mapper/<vg name>-<lv name>
vgremove <vg name>
lvcreate -l 100%FREE -n <lv name> <vg name>
```

## Increase / decrease size of logical volume

First, check the status with:

```
# pvs
# vgs
# lvs
```

- [LVM Resize - How to Decrease an LVM Partition](#)
- [LVM Resize - How to Increase an LVM Partition](#)
- [Size in superblock is different from the physical size of the partition](#)
- [Shrinking an Ext4 File System on LVM in Linux](#)
- [Creating an ext4 File System](#)
- [How to Extend/Reduce LVM's](#)
- [How to grow ext4+lvm+LUKS+RAID](#)

### Decrease

1. sudo umount /srv/media
2. sudo lvresize -resizefs -size -1024GB /dev/vg\_data/lv\_media

### Increase

1. sudo lvresize -resizefs -size +1024GB /dev/vg\_data/lv\_home

## Remove a disk from a logical volume

- [How to Manage and Use LVM](#)
- [Resize Or Remove Logical Volumes With LVM](#)
- [Increase the size of an LVM logical volume](#)
- [How can I tell pvresize to expand a physical volume to include all available space?](#)

- How to Create Logical Volume Using Maximum Available Free Space in Volume Group
- REMOVING A DISK FROM A LOGICAL VOLUME
- REMOVING VOLUME GROUPS
- REMOVING LOGICAL VOLUMES
- LVM (Debian Wiki)

From:

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