

# Install raid1 and lvm for Kubuntu

## Hardware configuration

- MB : ASUS M2N32 Workstation Professional
- CPU: Athlon 64 X2 5600+
- HD : 2xWD 74GB Raptor, 2xSamsung 500GB, 1xSamsung 400GB
- RAM: 4 GB DDR2-6400
- Usage: Server

## Brief problem description

I started off installing Kubuntu Feisty 7.04. Within the partitioner, I could not set up lvm. I could not get past the error message "Error informing the kernel about modifications to /dev/md2p1 -Invalid argument", no matter what I did. I even zeroed all partition tables with dd, but whenever I entered LVM config the partitioner recognized md0, md1, md2 and the usage as lvm. I'm not quite sure how this is possible, I even started doubting my new hardware.

After several hours I decided to go back to Kubuntu 6.10, with which I still could not install lvm, but I could properly install the 2 multidisk (raid1) configurations (md0: /, md1: swap, md2: /srv). md2 = /srv was a necessary intermediate step, because lvm did not configure through on Edgy either, so I formatted it with ext3.

## Remarks for the walkthrough below

- ">" means "and then", next menu item or next step
- "|" means option, do first or second ( first | second)
- all commands below as super user. enter sudo -s

## Desired configuration of the disks

hdd	partition	raid1	lvm	mount point
sda	sda1	md0	-	/
sdb	sdb1	md0		
sda	sda2	md1	-	swap
sdb	sdb2	md1		
sdc	sdc1	md2	vg1, lv1, lv2	/home, /srv
sdd	sdd1	md2		
sde	sde1	-	vg2, lv3	/backup

## Install Base

1. Install Kubuntu Edgy (6.10) Alternate Install: F6-F6-Expert Mode
  2. Install Raid1 with MD package activated
  3. DO NOT install LVM during initial setup
  4. Boot into KDE from HD
- Note: if MD oder LVM already activated before and need clean: 2nd shell (Alt-F2) > mdadm --manage --stop md0 > mdadm --manage --remove md0 before writing to disk in partitioner

## Install LVM

1. lvm > pvcreate /dev/sde1 > pvcreate /dev/md2
  2. lvm > vgcreate vg\_backup /dev/sde1 > vgcreate vg\_data /dev/md2
  3. lvm > vgdisplay vg\_backup to check ### of free extents (following steps same for vg\_data, but 2 logical volumes)
  4. lvm > lvcreate -l### vg\_backup (do not use -LxxGB, use size with -l### which is number of extents)
  5. lvm > lvrename vg\_backup lvol0 lv\_backup
  6. lvm > vgcfgbackup to backup volume group configurations
  7. lvm > exit
  8. umount /home > umount /srv
  9. mkfs -t ext3 /dev/vg\_backup/lv\_backup > mkfs -t ext3 /dev/vg\_data/lv\_home > mkfs -t ext3 /dev/vg\_data/lv\_srv
  10. mkdir /backup
  11. mount /dev/vg\_backup/lv\_backup /backup > mount /dev/vg\_data/lv\_home /home > mount /dev/vg\_data/lv\_srv /srv
- As I use this machine as a server I did not consider to upgrade Edgy to Feisty, but I would expect that this can be done without problems. I'm not sure this is the best way or the fastest, but it worked for me.

**Done! Everything works now!**

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Last update: **2007/06/05 17:10**

